Key Stage 2 SATs

A SchoolPresentation to Parents

The Tests

Key Stage 2 SATs take place nationally in the week commencing 11th May 2020

Statutory tests will be administered in the following subjects:

- o Punctuation, Vocabulary and Grammar (45 m inutes)
- o Spelling (approximately 15 m inutes)
- oReading (60 m inutes)
- o M athem atics
 - Paper 1: Arithmetic (30 m inutes)
 - Paper 2: Reasoning (40 m inutes)
 - Paper 3: Reasoning (40 m inutes)
- The biennial science sampling test will take place in June 2020.
- As in recent years, writing will be teacher assessed internally. The revised 'pupil can' statem ents for English writing place a greater emphasis on composition and the statem ents that relate to the more 'technical' aspects of English writing (gram mar, punctuation and spelling) have been made less prescriptive.

next

Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling

- A spelling test is administered containing 20 words, which lasts approximately 15 minutes.
- A separate test is given on gram m ar, punctuation and vocabulary.
- This test lasts for 45 m inutes and requires short answ er questions including som e multiple choice.
- Marks for these two tests are added together to give a total for gram mar, punctuation and spelling.



Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Paper 1

40

Tick one box in each row to show whether the sentence is written in the **active voice** or the **passive voice**.

Sentence	Active	Passive
Otters live in clean rivers.		
Fish are eaten by otters.		
Usually, otters are playful creatures.		

m enu

Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Paper 1

44

Which verb completes the sentence so that it uses the **subjunctive form**?

I wish I _____ able to join you, but it will not be possible.

Tick one.

am	

were

be



Reading

- The reading test consists of a single test paper with three unrelated reading texts. Children are given 60 m inutes in total, which includes reading the texts and answ ering the questions.
- A totalof 50 m arks are available.
- Questions are designed to assess the comprehension and understanding of a child's reading.
- During the reading paper, a child's inference and deduction skills are thoroughly tested. They w illalso be expected to answ er questions on authorial choices: explaining w hy an author has chosen to use particular vocabulary, gram m ar and text features.
- Som e questions are multiple choice or selected response; others require short answ ers and som e require an extended response or explanation.

next

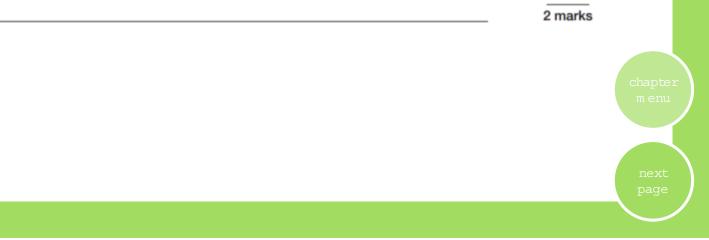
Reading Paper



(a) What evidence is there of Martine being stubborn in the way she behaved with her grandmother?

Give two points.

1. ______



Reading Paper



Look at the paragraph beginning: One of the victims...

What does the word *invaders* suggest about the humans arriving on Mauritius?

1 mark



M athem atics

•Children willsit three tests:paper 1, paper 2 and paper 3.

•Paper 1 is for arithmetic lasting for 30 m inutes, covering calculation methods for all operations, including use of fractions, percentages and decimals.

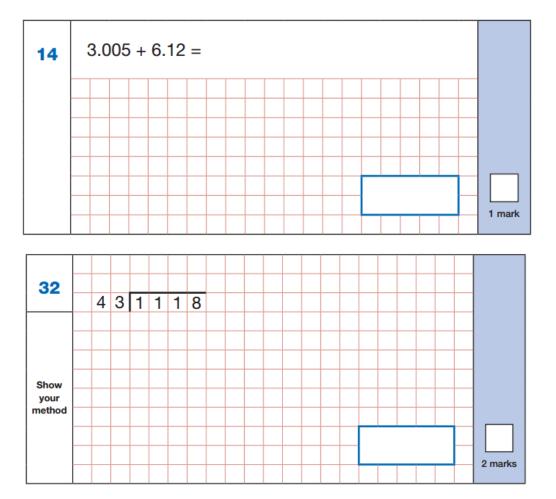
•Questions gradually increase in difficulty.Not all children will be expected to access some of the more difficult questions later in the paper.

•Papers 2 and 3 cover problem solving and reasoning, each lasting for 40 m inutes.

•Pupils w ill still require calculation skills but w ill need to answ er questions in context and decide w hat is required to find a solution.



M aths Paper 1: Arithm etic



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Maths Paper 2 / Paper 3 : Reasoning



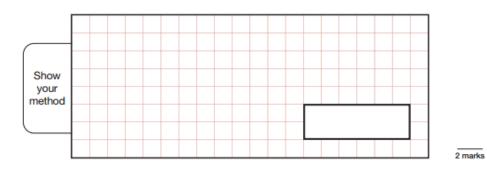
6 pencils cost £1.68



3 pencils and 1 rubber cost £1.09



What is the cost of 1 rubber?

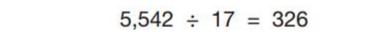


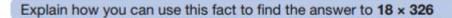
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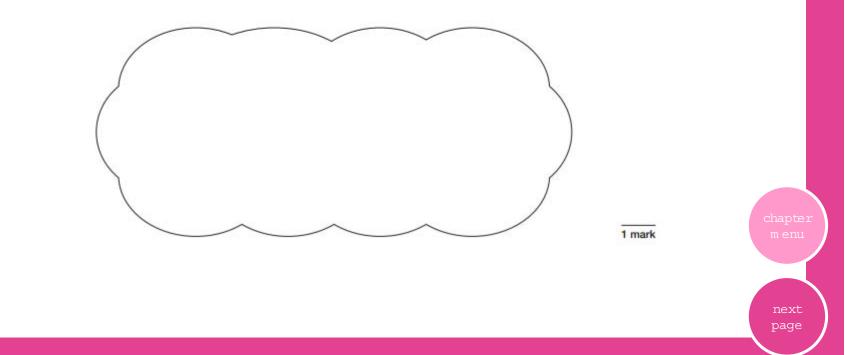


21

Maths Paper 2 / Paper 3 : Reasoning







Scaled Scores

W hat is meant by 'scaled scores'?

I is planned that 100 w illa w ays represent the 'national standard'.

Each pupil's raw test score will therefore be converted into a score on the scale, either at, above or be bw 100.

Using the scaled score, the bw est a child can score is 80, with the highest being 120.

A child w ho achieves the 'nationalstandard' (a score of 100) w illbe judged to have demonstrated sufficient know ledge in the areas assessed by the tests.

Each pupilreceives:
•a raw score (num ber of raw marks aw arded);
•a scaled score in each tested subject;
•confirm ation of w hether or not they attained the national standard.

Scaled Score Examples

On publication of the test results in July:

•a child aw arded a scaled score of 100 is judged to have met the `nationalstandard' in the area judged by the test;

• If a child's score is close to 120, they are working beyond (or above) the expected national standard.

•a child's score is close to 80, they are judged to have not yet m et the national standard and per-form ed be bw the expectation for their age.

How to Hep Your Child

- First and forem ost, support and reassure your child that there is nothing to w orry about and they should alw ays just try their best. Praise and encourage!
- Ensure your child has the best possible attendance at school.
- Support your child with any hom ew ork tasks.
- Reading, spelling and arithmetic (eg.times tables) are always good to practise.
- Tak to your child about w hat they have <code>bamt at schooland w hat book(s)</code> they are reading (the character, the pbt, their opinion).
- Encourage opportunities for telling the time.
- During SATs week, a good night's sleep and a healthy breakfast can make all the difference!





Feel free to explore some example test papers and thank you for coming.